Trac Backup

Error: Macro TracGuideToc(None) failed

'NoneType' object has no attribute 'find'

Trac backups are a copied snapshot of the entire <u>project environment</u> directory, including the database. Backups can be created using the hot copy command of <u>trac-admin</u>.

Note: Trac uses the hotcopy nomenclature to match that of <u>?Subversion</u>, to make it easier to remember when managing both Trac and Subversion servers.

Creating a Backup

Create a backup of a live <u>TracEnvironment</u> by running:

\$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv hotcopy /path/to/backupdir

The database will be locked while hotcopy is running.

The resulting backup directory is safe to handle using standard file-based backup tools like tar or dump/restore.

Please note, the hotcopy command will not overwrite a target directory. When the target exists the operation will end with an error: Command failed: [Errno 17] File exists: This is discussed in <u>?#3198</u>.

Restoring a Backup

To restore an environment from a backup, stop the process running Trac, ie the web server or <u>tracd</u>, restore the contents of your backup to your <u>project environment</u> directory and restart the process.

If you are using a database other than SQLite, you'll need to restore the database from the dump file. The dump file is saved in the environment db directory.

To restore a PostgreSQL database backup, use the command:

\$ psql -U <user> -d <database> -f /path/to/postgresql.dump

The <database> option is the same as the <u>database connection string</u> in the <u>[trac] database</u> option of the project's trac.ini file.

Similarly, for MySQL:

\$ mysql -u <user> -p <database> < /path/to/mysql.dump</pre>

See also: TracAdmin, TracEnvironment, ?TracMigrate